Nutritio & You Joan Salge Blake







Joan Salge Blake



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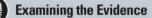
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About the Author

Dr. Joan Salge Blake is a clinical associate professor and dietetics internship director at Boston University's Sargent College of Health and Rehabilitation Sciences. She teaches both graduate and undergraduate nutrition courses and has been a guest lecturer at both the Boston University Goldman School of Dental Medicine and the Boston University School of Medicine. She received the Whitney Powers Excellence in Teaching Award from Boston University. Joan completed both her master of science and doctorate degrees at Boston University.

Joan is a member of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics (AND) and the Massachusetts Academy of Nutrition & Dietetics (MAND). She has been a presenter and presiding officer at both the AND Food & Nutrition Conference & Expo (FNCE) and the MAND Annual Convention, and she was previously named the MAND's "Young Dietitian of the Year," Outstanding Dietitian (2009), and Outstanding Dietetic Educator (2007). Joan has served on the MAND board for more than two decades in many roles, including delegate, director of education, and Nominating Committee chairperson.

In addition to teaching and writing, Joan is also a national media spokesperson and is often asked to translate complex nutritional issues into understandable terms. She has conducted more than 1,400 media interviews. Joan is also a nutrition blogger for the *U.S. News & World Report*'s Eat + Run website.



I am nothing without my ABC's.

Thanks.

Why I Wrote Nutrition & You

"You'll probably finish this class with a whole new outlook on diet and exercise . . . and you'll probably be a lot healthier!"

"Professor Salge Blake makes the material seem like the most interesting material in the universe."

---Excerpts from student comments about my nutrition class at Boston University, courtesy of ratemyprofessor.com

I wrote *Nutrition & You* for you. It is all about you. For more than a decade, I have taught an Introduction to Nutrition course to a packed classroom of almost 200 students, at the unseemly hour of 8 a.m. The students keep coming year after year because I not only deliver accurate nutrition science and information in an easy-to-understand, entertaining format, but more importantly, I personalize the information for them so that they can immediately apply it to their own lifestyles.

As a college student, you are exposed to a steady stream of nutrition and health information from the media, your family and friends, and the Internet. While you may think Google has the answers to your nutrition questions, I have seen students frequently fall victim to misinformation found via a quick Web search and a few glitzy websites. So I designed *Nutrition & You* to be as user friendly as possible, packed exclusively with sound nutrition information. The text goes beyond basic nutrition science and provides realistic advice and strategies to help you easily incorporate what you learn into your busy life. The text is written to meet *your* nutritional concerns and answer *your* questions.

As you read Nutrition & You, I want you to feel as though you are sitting in my class being entertained and informed. For this reason, I wrote the text in a conversational tone, and we designed it to visually communicate complex nutrition science and topics in an easy-to-understand way.

The information in this textbook is arranged in a deliberate **"What," Why,"** and **"How"** format. Each chapter will tell you:

- "What" the nutrition concept is;
- "Why" it is important and the role it plays in your body; and then, most importantly,
- "How" to easily adjust your lifestyle based on what you just learned.

Remember, nutrition matters to *you!* What you eat today and tomorrow will affect you and your body for years to come. Just as important, what you learn about nutrition today will enable you to make a positive effect on the lives of others from now on.

Joan Galge Blake

New to This Edition

Both nutrition research and personalized applications are continually expanding this dynamic science. To keep pace, we have reorganized the content, visually improved the figures and tables, and added new features to each chapter in the fifth edition of *Nutrition & You*. In addition, we have made these significant additions to the book and its digital accompaniments (for specific chapter-by-chapter updates, see the next section):

➤ Pearson eText is a simple-to-use, mobile-optimized, personalized reading experience available within Mastering. It allows students to easily highlight, take notes, and review key vocabulary all in one place—even when offline. Seamlessly integrated videos and other rich media engage students and give them access to the help they need, when they need it. Pearson eText is available within Mastering when packaged with a new book; students can also purchase Mastering with Pearson eText online.

For instructors not using Mastering, Pearson eText can also be adopted on its own as the main course material.

- Updated Practical Nutrition Tips videos in Mastering Nutrition feature author Joan Salge Blake offering students suggestions on ways to keep nutrition in mind in their everyday lives. Each video is accompanied by assignable questions to ensure understanding. Updated videos include Reading a Food Label, Hidden Sugar in Soda, Enhanced Waters, and more.
- ➤ New MyDietAnalysis Personalized Dietary Analysis activities in Mastering Nutrition guide students in a thorough investigation of their dietary intake and are focused on the most commonly assigned topics in diet analysis projects. Follow-up feedback and a reflection question help students understand how to improve their diets. Activities can also be automatically graded, saving instructors valuable time from grading their students' lengthy diet analysis projects.
- New! #ICYMI boxes, shorthand for "In Case You Missed It," feature interesting facts at various points within the narrative relevant to what students just read, such as within the discussion of polysaccharides as complex carbohydrates in Chapter 4, students are provided the explanation of why unripe fruit tastes more starchy than sweet.
- Updated Health Connection: A Case Study feature box in each chapter examines the links between nutrition and disease. This new presentation is intended to:
 - Take a more **case-study approach** to really engage students
 - Add key concepts back into the main narrative

• Include new **Health Connection Case Study questions** in Mastering Nutrition, making the feature assignable

Chapter-by-Chapter Updates Chapter 1

- All photos showing Nutrition Facts Panel now feature the new NFP.
- ► LO 1.1: Kilocalorie now defined earlier in the chapter.
- LO 1.4: Number of known phytochemicals updated to over 10,000.
- LO 1.5: Amount of sugar and fat consumed by Americans updated to 17 tsp and 54% of calories consumed, respectively.
- LO 1.5: Revised Figure 1.4, obesity map, now shows most current (2016) data.
- Photo caption revises population of Hispanics in the U.S. from 1 in 4 to 4 in 10.
- Revised "2 Points of View" feature on advertising food to children.

Chapter 2

- Figure 2.9, How Solid Fats and Added Sugars Fit into a Healthy Diet, has been updated with new numbers for recommended calories of added sugar and fats.
- ► Figure 2.12 walks students through the new Nutrition Facts Panel.
- ► LO 2.4 includes advice about sodium intake.
- LO 2.5 has extensive information about the new Nutrition Facts Panel.
- LO 2.6 has new information about antioxidants and functional foods.
- Nutrition in the Real World feature has a new portion size table.
- Examining the Evidence feature on the timing of meals and its effect on nutrition has been revised.
- New "2 Points of View" feature on supersizing versus half-portions in restaurants.

Chapter 3

- Figure 3.5 has been revised to show location of pyloric sphincter.
- LO 3.1: Chyme and bolus are now defined earlier in the chapter.
- LO 3.7: In Table 3.3, details about irritable bowel syndrome have been revised.
- > Revised "2 Points of View" feature on probiotics.

Chapter 4

- LO 4.1 has been modestly reorganized to more effectively present the units of carbohydrates and to better distinguish between types of fiber. *Fermentable fiber* and *viscous fiber* have been added to the key terms.
- LO 4.6: The term prediabetes has been added to key terms and discussed in the chapter.
- ► Figure 4.8 has been revised to focus on total fiber.
- ► Figure 4.10 has new Nutrition Facts information.
- Figure 4.12 has been revised to compare prevalence of diabetes in the U.S. in 1994 and 2015.
- Throughout the chapter, figures showing the chemical structure of sucrose have been corrected, and figures showing the Nutrition Facts panel have been updated.
- In LO 4.7, stevia and monk fruit have been added to the discussion of sugar substitutes.

Chapter 5

- LO 5.4: New coverage of the FDA's decision to ban trans fats from foods.
- Figure 5.2 now links types of fats with foods that contain those fats.
- LO 5.8: Further coverage of *trans* fats. Clarification added on plant stanols and sterols.
- > New unnumbered figure on fish: Which are safest to eat?
- > Figure 5.21 has updated content on types of fats in foods.
- New "2 Points of View" feature on whether coconut oil is healthy or not.

Chapter 6

- ► LO 6.3: New material on how protein contributes to satiety.
- LO 6.4: Quinoa has been added to the discussion of complete proteins.
- LO 6.6: Discussion of research showing that the type of protein consumed is more important in reducing the risk of heart disease than the quantity.
- Examining the Evidence feature has updated information on protein supplements and the accuracy of their labeling.
- Table 1 within the Examining the Evidence feature comparing energy bar content has been revised.
- ► Figure 6.11 has been updated with 2015 data.
- ► Figures 6.12 and 6.13 have been revised with the latest information.
- The Made Over Made Better figure replaces the bologna sandwich with a BLT.
- The Nutrition in the Real World feature discusses research showing that soy may prevent cancer development by reducing inflammation and inhibiting activation of proteins that promote cell growth.
- Revised "2 Points of View" feature on high-protein, low-carbohydrate diets.

Chapter 7

- New coverage of the latest research on Vitamin E and its link to cardiovascular events.
- The Made Over Made Better figure replaces stuffed and baked potato with iceberg lettuce and collard greens.

Chapter 8

- ➤ Table 8.2, Minerals at a Glance, has updated DRI for fluoride.
- Table Tips, "Shake Your Salt Habit," has new advice on lowering your sodium intake.
- Figure 8.12 has updated figures on average American sodium consumption.

Chapter 9

- LO 9.2: Updated information on the correlation between moderate alcohol consumption and reduced risk of heart disease and Type 2 diabetes.
- LO 9.4: New information on congeners in fermented alcoholic beverages.
- ► LO 9.4: Updated statistics on the number of people with alcoholic hepatitis who eventually develop cirrhosis.
- ► LO 9.5: Updated data on underage drinking.
- ► LO 9.5: Revised discussion of alcohol use disorder.
- New "2 Points of View" feature: "Do the Health Benefits of Drinking Alcohol Outweigh the Risks?"

Chapter 10

- New photo feature compares two people with the same BMI, an athlete and a nonathlete.
- New photo shows new Barbie dolls designed to reflect various body types.
- > New photo shows a food tracker app on a cell phone.
- > New "2 Points of View" feature on "Intermittent Fasting."
- Revised section 10.8 on disordered eating and body image now includes:
 - Latest research on genetics and anorexia and the complexity of separating environmental from genetic factors
 - Environmental factors behind eating disorders
 - Revised and more detailed Table 10.5, Diagnostic Criteria for Eating Disorders
 - New content on the role of social media in the development of eating disorders
 - Additional content on electrolyte imbalance and the impact of refeeding
 - More on orthorexia
 - Revised and expanded Table 10.6, Warning Signs for Eating Disorders
 - New discussion of research indicating that having friends or family express concern prompts people to accept treatment.

Chapter 11

- LO 11.3: New coverage, figure, and Health Connection feature on "Relative Energy Deficiency in Sports (RED-S)."
- ► LO 11.5: New coverage of Vitamin D's importance in athletic performance.
- LO 11.5: New coverage of magnesium's importance in athletic performance.
- LO 11.7: Additional coverage of safety and testing of dietary supplements.
- New key term: Relative Energy Deficiency in Sports (RED-S)
- > Additional web resources
- New "2 Points of View" feature, "Vegan Diet for Elite Athletes?"

Chapter 12

- Statistics and references were updated throughout, including new data on agribusiness, crop production, and family farms.
- ► LO 12.2 includes new information about globesity.
- Figure 12.5 was revised to include the most up-to-date information on food imports.
- LO 12.3 includes a substantial new section on reducing food waste.
- LO 12.3: Self-assessment on sustainable eating is completely new.
- LO 12.4: Information added on the new FDA-issued guidelines for the use of antibiotics and hormones in livestock.
- LO 12.5: New material on gene editing, a new method of bioengineering used to produce GMOs. This section was revised significantly to address more current information on this issue, including the National Bioengineered Food Disclosure Law that was established in 2016, and updated public opinion surveys on GM foods.
- LO 12.7: Section on organic farming now reflects the costs and benefits of this method of farming and the fact that organic farming is not guaranteed sustainable farming.
- Check Your Understanding questions and answers have been revised and updated.
- Web resources have been updated with additional resources regarding sustainability.
- New "2 Points of View" feature, "Should GMO-free Labeling be Allowed on Foods?"
- ➤ Gene editing is now a key term.

Chapter 13

LO 13.1: New content on the cost of food-borne illness in the U.S.

- ► LO 13.1 and 13.3: New material on *E. coli* strains, such as STEC, including outbreaks of tainted flour.
- ► LO 13.1: New coverage of Salmonella.
- LO 13.1: New coverage of prions and bovine spongiform encephalopathy.
- LO 13.2: New guidelines for proper hand washing and kitchen sanitation.
- ► LO 13.2: A new eLearn feature on food safety apps.
- ► LO 13.3: Coverage of the dangers of honey for infants.
- ► LO 13.4: New section on Bisphenol A.
- ► LO 13.5: Additional coverage of methylmercury in fish.

Chapter 14

- LO 14.1 and 14.2: New coverage of whether pregnant women should take vitamin and mineral supplements, and which ones.
- LO 14.6: Latest guidelines on breast-feeding and on the process by which breast milk provides immune protections to infants.
- ► LO 14.10: Latest recommendations on introducing solid foods.
- LO 14.10: Latest recommendations on introducing peanuts into a child's diet.
- Updated Nutrition in the Real World feature on breast-feeding at work.
- > New "2 Points of View" feature on baby-led weaning.

Chapter 15

- ► Revised Table Tips on helping children get enough iron.
- LO 15.2: Updated information on rates of childhood obesity and activity levels.
- ► LO 15.2: Latest data on school lunches.
- LO 15.4: Revised estimates on population demographics in 2050.
- ► LO 15.4: Revised coverage of zinc needs in the older adult.
- ► LO 15.5: New coverage of the effects of glucosamine and chondroitin on older adults.
- ► LO 15.5: New content on the link between the MIND diet and Alzheimer's disease risk reduction.
- ► LO 15.5: New content on the link between diet and cancer.
- Revised Examining the Evidence feature on diet and developmental disabilities.
- Revised "2 Points of View" feature on 2017 changes to school meal requirements to meet the Dietary Guidelines for Americans.
- Revised Figure 15.1 reflects most recent statistics on childhood obesity.
- Revised Figure 15.4 reflects most recent statistics on sugar intake among children.
- Revised Figure 15.6 shows the new dietary guidelines for older adults.

Chapter 16

- ► LO 16.1 includes updated statistics on number of food insecure households in the U.S. and worldwide.
- LO 16.1 also includes coverage of food insecurity among college students.
- LO 16.2 includes updated statistics on poverty and the working poor, and a new Figure 16.3 showing trends in food insecurity over time.
- LO 16.2 also includes new coverage of food deserts and food swamps.
- LO 16.3 has more new statistics on hunger worldwide, political sanctions, corruption, and refugees.
- LO 16.3 also includes updated information about food waste worldwide.
- ► LO 16.5 has new data on stunting in children.
- ► Food deserts and food swamps are now key terms.

Other Key Features

- Visual Chapter Summaries are structured to mirror the organization of the chapter content and numbered to correspond with the chapter objectives. They contain important art and photos from the main chapter text and serve as concise study and review tools.
- ► The learning outcomes, chapter headings, and summary sections are linked together to provide a strong pedagogical structure that promotes comprehension and facilitates study and review.
- Examining the Evidence features look at the latest research on controversial or confusing "hot" topics in nutrition today and include critical-thinking questions. These features guide students to make better, informed choices in their personal nutrition, and become critical media consumers of nutrition information.
- MyDietAnalysis mobile website is available, so students can track their diets and activities accurately, anytime and anywhere, from their mobile devices.
- ► Exploring Micronutrients within Chapters 7 and 8 are self-contained sections that incorporate photos, illustrations, and text to present each vitamin and mineral. Each micronutrient is discussed using the same categories (forms, functions, daily needs, food sources, toxicity and deficiency symptoms) for a consistent and easy-to-study format. These enable students to identify at a glance the key aspects of each nutrient.
- ➤ **Two Points of View** at the end of each chapter contains a summary of opposing viewpoints on a timely topic. This feature will encourage students to think critically about pro and con arguments on a given issue and decide for themselves which side they agree with. Students will be applying the critical-thinking skills that they learned in the chapter as they think through each point of view presented.

- True or False? Pre-tests open each chapter with 10 true/ false statements that help students realize that the things they think they know about nutrition aren't always accurate. Answers are given at the end of the chapter, and a true/false icon emphasizes locations of answers within the chapter.
- Nutrition in the Real World features take a closer look at some of the ways nutritional information and issues affect daily life.
- Practical Nutrition videos show the dynamic and ever-interesting Joan Salge Blake walking students through making better eating choices in familiar environments, based on a choice related to the chapter topic. Examples include a pizza parlor, deli, coffee shop, breakfast choices on the go, fitness smoothies, and much more. Students can access the videos via Mastering Nutrition, or via the QR code on page xiii.
- ► **Table Tips** give practical ideas for incorporating adequate amounts of each nutrient into students' diets using widely available foods.
- Self-Assessments throughout the book ask students to think about their own diets and behaviors and how well they are meeting their various nutrient needs.
- ➤ Made Over Made Better food comparisons at the end of Chapters 4 through 11 can help students visually see how to make more nutritious decisions.
- eLearn activities within the chapters direct students to websites to extend their knowledge on various topics, such as the American Institute for Cancer Research, Vegetarian Resource Group, Center for Science in the Public Interest, etc.

Digital Learning Products

Mastering Nutrition

www.masteringhealthandnutrition.com

Mastering Nutrition is an online homework, tutorial, and assessment product designed to improve results by helping students quickly master concepts. Students benefit from selfpaced tutorials that feature immediate wrong-answer feedback and hints that emulate the office-hour experience to help keep students on track. With a wide range of interactive, engaging, and assignable activities, students are encouraged to actively learn and retain tough course concepts.

Specific features include:

➤ Pearson eText is a simple-to-use, mobile-optimized, personalized reading experience available within Mastering. It allows students to easily highlight, take notes, and review key vocabulary all in one place—even when offline. Seamlessly integrated videos and other rich media engage students and give them access to the help they need, when they need it. Pearson eText is available within Mastering when packaged with a new book; students can also purchase Mastering with Pearson eText online.

For instructors not using Mastering, Pearson eText can also be adopted on its own as the main course material.

- Single sign-on for MyDietAnalysis, a software system that allows students to complete a diet assignment. Students keep track of their food intake and exercise and enter the information to create a variety of reports (e.g., the balance between fats, carbohydrates, and proteins in their diet; how many calories they're eating versus expending; whether they're meeting the RDAs for vitamins and minerals, etc.). A MyDietAnalysis activity has been added within Mastering Nutrition for each text chapter that incorporates the use of MDA. A mobile version gives students 24/7 access via their smart phones to easily track food, drink, and activity on the go.
 - New MyDietAnalysis Personalized Dietary Analysis activities guide students in a thorough investigation of their dietary intake and are focused on the most commonly assigned topics in diet analysis projects. Follow-up feedback and a reflection question help students understand how to improve their diets. Activities can also be automatically graded, saving instructors valuable time from grading their students' lengthy diet analysis projects.
- Focus Figure video walkthroughs feature Joan Salge Blake narrating a video walkthrough of each Focus Figure, guiding students through each section of the figure, highlighting important concepts and making connections.
- Visual Chapter Summary coaching activities complement each Visual Chapter Summary with hints and feedback that help students with their understanding of one or more learning outcomes and reference each learning outcome within the activity.
- Focus Figure coaching activities guide students through key nutrition concepts with interactive minilessons that provide hints and feedback.
- ▶ 18 NutriTools Build-A-Meal coaching activities allow students to apply nutrition concepts to improve their health through interactive mini-lessons that provide hints and feedback. The Build a Meal, Build a Pizza, Build a Salad, and Build a Sandwich tools have been carefully rethought to improve the user experience, making them easier to use. They are now HTML5 compatible. Activities, such as Carbohydrates on a Food Label and FDA Packaging Requirements, have been updated and/or created to reflect recently updated nutrition standards.
- Pre-lecture reading questions ensure that students come prepared for lecture by answering multiple-choice questions related to the content in the text.

- ➤ ABC News videos cover up-to-date hot topics that occur in the nutrition field that bring nutrition to life and spark discussion. These are accompanied by multiple-choice questions with wrong-answer feedback.
- ➤ 34 nutrition animation activities explain big-picture concepts that help students learn the hardest topics in nutrition. These animations include questions with wrong-answer feedback that address students' common misconceptions and have been refreshed and made compatible for Mastering Nutrition and mobile devices.
- Math activities provide hands-on practice of important calculations with helpful wrong-answer feedback.
- Scientific reporting lab activities allow students to apply the principles of the scientific process to their own diet analysis project and determine if they are at risk for cardiovascular disease, diabetes, and more. These activities include short-answer/essay questions.
- Chapter Summary MP3s relate to chapter content and come with multiple-choice questions that provide wrong-answer feedback.
- Get Ready for Nutrition gives students extra help with math and chemistry skills.
- ➤ Dynamic Study Modules help students study effectively—and at their own pace. How? By keeping them motivated and engaged. The assignable modules rely on the latest research in cognitive science, using methods—such as adaptivity, gamification, and intermittent rewards—to stimulate learning and improve retention. Each module poses a series of questions about a course topic. These question sets adapt to each student's performance and offer personalized, targeted feedback to help them master key concepts.
- ➤ With Learning Catalytics, you'll hear from every student when it matters most. You pose a variety of questions that help students recall ideas, apply concepts, and develop critical-thinking skills. Your students respond using their own smart phones, tablets, or laptops. You can monitor responses with real-time analytics and find out what your students do—and don't—understand. Then you can adjust your teaching accordingly and even facilitate peer-to-peer learning, helping students stay motivated and engaged. Updated for this edition: newly added clicker questions from the Digital Instructional Resources. All questions will be specifically tagged to *Nutrition & You* and non-majors nutrition.
- The Study Area is broken down into learning areas and includes videos, animations, MP3s, and much more for student self-study.

MyDiet Analysis www.mydietanalysis.com

MyDietAnalysis was developed by the nutrition database experts at ESHA Research, Inc., and is tailored for use in college nutrition courses. This software system allows students to complete a diet assignment by keeping a diary of food intake and exercise and then creating a variety of reports (for example, the balance between fats, carbohydrates, and proteins in the diet; how many calories eaten versus expended; whether the student is meeting the RDAs for vitamins and minerals, and so on). It has been updated to include a **mobile version** so students can access it from their smart phones to easily track food, drink, and activity on the go, 24/7.

Instructional Resources for *Nutrition & You* (Download Only)

The digital Instructional Resources provide everything an instructor needs to prep for the course, and deliver a dynamic lecture, in one convenient place. All resources are download-able from Mastering Nutrition and include:

- ABC News Lecture Launcher videos covering the most up-to-date nutrition topics
- ► Updated 34 Nutrition Animations
- ► Practical Nutrition Tips videos
- ► Clicker questions
- ► Quiz Show questions
- PowerPoint[®] Lecture Outlines (including Media-only PowerPoints)
- > PowerPoint step-edit Image Presentations
- Files for all illustrations and tables and selected photos from the text
- Microsoft[®] Word and PDF files for the Instructor Resource and Support Manual
- Microsoft[®] Word, RTF, and PDF files for the Test Bank
- Computerized Test Bank, which includes all the questions from the test bank in a format that allows instructors to easily and intuitively build exams and quizzes
- Printed User's Quick Guide with easy instructions for both experienced and new faculty members to get started with the rich toolkit content

Additional digital instructor and student resources include PDFs of:

- > Step-by-step Mastering Nutrition tutorials
- ➤ Great Ideas in Teaching Nutrition
- ► Eat Right! Healthy Eating in College and Beyond
- ► Food Composition Table

Acknowledgments

It takes a village, and then some, when it comes to writing a dynamic textbook. *Nutrition & You* is no exception. I personally want to thank all of those who passionately shared their expertise and support to make *Nutrition & You* better than I could have envisioned.

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Joan Zalge Blake

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1 What Is Nutrition?

True or False? 🕕

- 1. Habit is the number-one determinant of what you eat. p. 5
- 2. Heart disease is the leading cause of death in the United States. p. 8
- 3. The energy in food is commonly measured in calories. p. 9
- 4. Vitamins provide you with energy. p. 10
- 5. Water is an essential nutrient. p. 11
- 6. Taking a vitamin supplement ensures that your diet is healthy. p. 12
- 7. Meats, poultry, and fish are good sources of fiber. p. 12
- 8. More than 50 percent of Americans regularly spend money on daily supplements. p. 13
- 9. The number of Americans who are obese is the same today as it was 10 years ago. p. 13
- **10.** You can get sound nutrition advice from anyone who calls him- or herself a nutritionist. p. 22

See page 29 for the answers.

Learning Outcomes

After reading this chapter, you will be able to:

LO 1.1 Discuss the factors that influence your food choices.

LO 1.2 Define the term *nutrition*.

LO 1.3 Differentiate between the six categories of essential nutrients found in food and in the body.

LO 1.4 Understand the importance of a well-balanced diet in meeting your daily nutrient needs.

LO 1.5 Discuss the current nutritional state of the American diet.

LO 1.6 Understand the scientific method in nutrition research and identify reliable sources of nutrition information.

From the minute you were born, you began performing three automatic behaviors: You slept, you ate, and you expelled your waste products, often while you were sleeping. You didn't need to think about these actions, and you didn't have to decide to do them. You also didn't need to make choices about where to sleep, what to eat, or when to go to the bathroom. Life was so easy back then.

Now that you're older, these actions, particularly the eating part, are anything but automatic. You make numerous decisions every day about what to eat, and you make these decisions for reasons that you may not even be aware of. If your dietary advice comes from media sound bites, you may get constantly conflicting information. Yesterday's news flash announced that eating more protein would help you fight a bulging waist. Last week's headline boldly announced you should minimize added sugars in your diet to avoid becoming overweight. This morning, the TV news lead was a health report advising you to eat more whole grains to live longer, but to hold the line on sodium—otherwise your blood pressure may go up.

You may find it frustrating that dietary advice seems to change with the daily news (though it actually doesn't), but this bombardment of nutrition news is a positive thing. You are lucky to live in an era when so much is known and being discovered about what you eat and how it affects you. Today's research validates what nutrition professionals have known for decades: Nutrition plays an invaluable role in your health. As with any science, nutrition is not stagnant. Exciting discoveries will continue to be made about the roles that diet and foods play in keeping you healthy.

Let's find out more about nutrition, why it's so important to your health, and how you can identify sound sources of nutrition information. We'll start with the basic concept of why you eat and how this affects your nutrition.

What Drives Our Food Choices?

LO 1.1 Discuss the factors that influence your food choices.

What did you have for dinner last night? Where did you eat it? Who were you with? How did you feel?

Do you ever think about what drives your food choices? Or are you on autopilot as you stand in line at the sub shop and squint at yet another menu board? Do you adore some foods and eat them often, while avoiding others with a vengeance? Perhaps you have a grandparent who encourages you to eat more (and more!) of her traditional home cooking. You obviously need food to survive, but beyond your basic instinct to eat, there are many other factors that affect what goes into your stomach. Let's discuss some of these now.

We Need to Eat and Drink to Live

All creatures need fuel in order to function, and humans are no exception. We get our fuel from food in the form of chemical compounds that are collectively known as **nutrients**. These nutrients work together to provide energy, growth, and maintenance; and to regulate numerous body processes. Three of the six classes of nutrients— carbohydrates, fats (part of the larger class of lipids), and protein—provide energy in the form of **kilocalories**. One kilocalorie equals the amount of energy needed to raise the temperature of 1 kilogram of water 1 degree Celsius. (Note that *kilocalories* are commonly referred to as *calories*, which is the term we will use from here on.) Vitamins, minerals, and water help regulate many body processes, including **metabolism**. In fact, water is found in all foods and beverages and is so vital to life that you couldn't live more than a few days without it.

Foods also provide nonnutrient compounds that help maintain your body in order to keep it healthy. We will explore each of these nutrients in more depth later in this chapter, and in much more depth throughout the book.

Beyond the basic need to replenish our bodies with daily fuel are other factors that drive our food choices.

We Choose Foods for Many Other Reasons

Your favorite foods taste delicious—that's why they're your favorites. You also choose certain other foods because they're staples of your culture, or they've become an important aspect of your social life. Some of your food selections are determined by trends, influenced by media messages, or reflect the amount of time or money you have available (FIGURE 1.1). Sometimes, you choose a food just because it's there. Let's explore each of these factors more closely.

Taste and Culture

Research confirms that when it comes to making food choices, taste is the most important consideration.¹ This shouldn't be too much of a surprise, considering that there are at least 10,000 taste buds in your mouth, mainly on your tongue. Your taste buds tell you that chocolate cheesecake is sweet, fresh lemon juice is sour, and a **(r)** pretzel is salty.

What you choose to put on your plate is often influenced by your culture. If you were a student in Mexico, you might be feasting on a dinner with corn tortillas and tamales, as maize (corn) is a staple of Mexican cuisine. In India, meals commonly include lentils and other legumes with rice. In China, rice, a staple, might be front and center on your plate.

A culture's cuisine is greatly influenced by the environment. This includes not only the climate and soil conditions but also the native plants and animals, as well as the distance people live from rivers, lakes, or the sea. People tend to consume foods that are accessible and often have little experience eating foods that are scarce. For example, in Alaska, fish is plentiful, but people have less access to locally-grown produce most of the year. For most Americans, this is less of an issue today than in the past, due to global food distribution networks. However, it still rings true

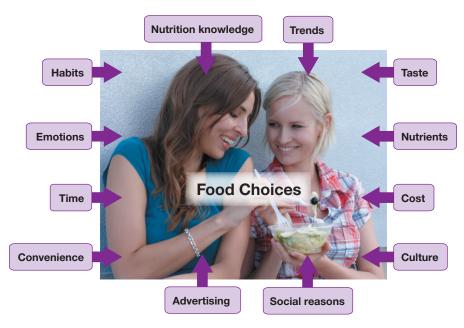


FIGURE 1.1 Many Factors Influence Your Food Choices

nutrients Compounds in foods that sustain your body processes. There are six classes of nutrients: carbohydrates, fats (lipids), proteins, vitamins, minerals, and water.

kilocalories The measurement of energy in foods. Commonly referred to as *calories*.

metabolism The numerous reactions that occur within the cell. The calories in foods are converted to energy in the cells of the body.



Four in ten Americans are of Hispanic, Native American, Asian, or African descent. Cultural food preferences often influence food choices.

for some food items. People living in some states may have less access to fresh fish, compared to those living on the coasts where seafood is more abundant.

Social Reasons and Trends

Eating is an important way to bond with others. Every year, on the fourth Thursday in November, Americans gather with family and friends to consume close to 44 million turkeys as they celebrate Thanksgiving.² A person is likely to eat more on Thanksgiving than on any other Thursday, and this is partly because of all the other people eating with them. Eating dinner with others has been shown to increase the size of the meal by over 40 percent, and the more people present, the more you'll eat.³

For many people, activities like watching a football game with fellow fans or going to a movie with friends often involve particular foods. For example, Americans purchase more than 12 million pizzas on Super Bowl Sunday.⁴

Your food choices are also affected by popular trends. For instance, home cooks in the 1950s bought bags of newfangled frozen vegetables in order to pro-

vide healthy meals in less time. A few decades later, vegetables went upscale and consumers bought them as part of ready-to-heat stir-fry mixes. Today, shoppers pay a premium price for bags of fresh veggies, like peppers and carrots, that have been prewashed and peeled, sliced, or diced. Similarly, decades ago, the only way to enjoy iced tea was to brew it and chill it yourself. Now most markets provide dozens of choices in flavored and enhanced bottled teas, a popular beverage for many college students. As food manufacturers pour more money into research and development, who knows what tomorrow's trendy food item will be?

Another trend is the changing eating habits of millennials. According to the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), millennials, born between the 1980s and mid 2000s, are looking for healthier and fresher foods and meals that are already prepared. In other words, they want home-cooked meals but may want someone else to cook them.⁵

Cost, Time, and Convenience

According to the U.S. Department of Agriculture, almost 15 percent of American households did not have access to enough healthy foods to satisfy their basic, daily food needs, often because of limited financial resources.⁶ It's not surprising, then, that many people may be forced to base their food choices on cost. A large, store-brand bag of potato chips, on sale, may appear to be a more economical way to fill a dinner plate than with fresh or frozen vegetables. However, the good news is that research has shown that many fruits and vegetables can actually be cheaper per serving than unhealthy junk foods that are high in fat, sugar, and sodium.⁷ Buying produce in season, on sale, and using frozen varieties can actually be very economical ways to consume fruits and vegetables.

For those with adequate food budgets, time is often at a premium. Because of this, the types of foods that many people choose have changed. A recent survey reported that close to 60 percent of millennials spend as little as 15 minutes cooking dinner during the week.⁸ Consequently, supermarkets have changed the types of foods they sell as well as how the food is presented.

If chicken is on the menu tonight, you can go to the poultry section in the store and buy it uncooked. Or you can go to the take-out section of the store and buy it hot off the rotisserie, precooked and stuffed with bread crumbs, or grilled with teriyaki



Food, friends, and football . . . a way of life.

Do Outside Factors Influence Your Food Choices?

Rate yourself to see!

- Whenever I meet friends, we get something to eat or drink, no matter the time of day.
 Yes □ No □
- I sometimes find myself walking past a coffee shop, fast-food restaurant, or convenience store and am compelled to buy something to eat.
 Yes □ No □
- When I am bored, stressed, or sad, I snack.
 Yes □ No □

4. I always eat or drink something when I am studying, even if I am not hungry.

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

5. I always snack when I stream movies at home. Yes \Box No \Box

Answers

If you answered "yes" to most of these questions, then you are not alone. Many of our food choices are driven by influences that surround us every day!

sauce. You can also probably get the cooked vegetables and rice side dishes to take home and reheat with the chicken.

Convenience also influences food choices. Foods that are easily accessible to you are more likely to be eaten. Let's say you have a long walk back to your dorm building after your last class of the day. On the way, you pass a food stand selling slices of delicious-looking pizza. The wonderful smell reminds you that you are hungry, so you buy a slice, or two. Or, consider coffee. Decades ago, the most convenient way to get a hot cup of coffee was to brew it yourself. Americans today are more likely to get their java from one of the 29,000 coffee shops across the United States.⁹ Pizza and coffee are just two examples of a broad trend of Americans spending more of their household food budget on eating out.

Habits and Emotions

Many people start their day with a bowl of cereal. In fact, ready-to-eat cereals are the number-one breakfast food choice for most people in the morning.¹⁰ Why? For many, the only answer is habit.

Your daily routine and habits can dictate not only what you eat but also *when* you eat. When you get home from work or school, do you head straight for the refrigerator, whether or not you're hungry? Do you always snack when you watch television at night? Or when you're studying?

Emotions also influence your food choices. Many people turn to food during times of stress or sadness. Happiness can also trigger eating. Many people celebrate their end-of-term good grades or a promotion at work with a celebratory meal with friends or family. On vacation, you likely reward yourself with fun, relaxation, and, of course, good food. No matter your mood, food is often part of how you express your emotions.

LO 1.1 The Take-Home Message Food provides the nutrients that your body needs to function, and the foods that you choose are influenced by many factors. Taste is the primary reason why certain foods have become your favorites. The availability of certain foods has made them a part of your culture and a habitual part of your day. Food trends, cost, limits on your time, convenience, and your emotions all can influence your food choices.



While brown rice is a healthy whole-grain addition to any meal, it can take close to an hour to cook. For time-strapped consumers, food manufacturers have developed instant brown rice that cooks in 10 minutes, and a precooked, microwavable variety that reheats in under 2 minutes.

SELF-ASSESSMENT

What Does the Health of Your Family Tree Look Like?

Is there a history of heart disease, diabetes, or obesity in your family? What about other chronic diseases or conditions? Before you read this textbook and learn about the role that good nutrition plays in preventing chronic diseases and maintaining overall good health, ask your parents and grandparents about your family's health history. If there are certain diseases or conditions that run in your family, you'll want to pay particular attention to these as you read about them in this book.

An easy way to manage information about your family's health history is by visiting My Family Health Portrait at http:// familyhistory.hhs.gov. When you input your family medical history, it provides a family tree report. Save a copy of this family health history for future reference.

Table 1.1

Leading Causes of Death in the United States

Disease/Cause of Death

Heart Disease **F** Cancer Respiratory Diseases

Accidents

Stroke

Alzheimer's Disease

Diabetes

Influenza/Pneumonia Kidney Disease Intentional Self-Harm



This isn't exactly what's meant by the phrase "You are what you eat," but it's close.

What Is Nutrition And Why Is Good Nutrition So Important?

LO 1.2 Define the term *nutrition*.

Whereas food is the source of nutrients that your body needs, **nutrition** is about more than just food. Nutrition is the science that studies how the nutrients and compounds in foods nourish you, help you function, and affect your health. In contrast, food science relates to the physical and chemical makeup of foods, and the culinary arts refers to the art of preparation of food for consumption.

Your body needs all the nutrients to function properly. An acute deficiency of even one nutrient will negatively affect your body's ability to function in the short term. Chronic deficiencies, excesses, and imbalances of many nutrients can also affect your long-term health.

Good nutrition plays a role in reducing the risk of four of the top ten leading causes of death in the United States—heart disease, cancer, stroke, and diabetes (listed in bold in **TABLE 1.1**).¹¹ Nutrition also plays an important role in preventing other diseases and conditions that can impede your lifestyle. A healthy diet can help keep your bones strong and reduce your risk of osteoporosis. Eating right will help you better manage your body weight, which in turn will reduce your risk of developing obesity, diabetes, and high blood pressure.

You are a product of what you eat, what you *don't* eat, or what you may eat *too much* of. You want to eat the best combination of a variety of foods to meet your nutritional needs and to be healthy. To do that, you need to understand the roles of the essential nutrients in your body and which foods to eat to get them.

LO 1.2 The Take-Home Message Nutrition is the scientific study of how the nutrients and compounds in foods nourish your body. Good nutrition plays a role in reducing the risk of many chronic diseases and conditions. Long-term imbalances of many nutrients will affect your health.

What Are the Essential Nutrients and Why Do You Need Them?

LO 1.3 Differentiate between the six categories of essential nutrients found in food and in the body.

The classes of nutrients that we introduced earlier are all *essential* because you must have them in order to function. (Alcohol, in contrast, is not an essential nutrient; even though it provides energy in the form of kilocalories, your body does not need it to function.) Your body is, in fact, made up of the same essential nutrients that are found in foods (see **FIGURE 1.2**).

Carbohydrates, lipids (fats), and proteins are called **macronutrients**, because you need higher amounts of them in your diet. Vitamins and minerals, though equally important to your health, are considered **micronutrients** because you need them in lesser amounts. You need to consume the final nutrient, water, in copious amounts daily so that you are well hydrated.

Calories from the macronutrients are used as energy during the process of metabolism, and many vitamins, minerals, and water are essential to this process. Vitamins and minerals are also needed for growth and reproduction and to help repair and maintain your body (FIGURE 1.3).

Although each nutrient is unique, they are all equally important, as they work together in numerous ways to keep you healthy. An imbalance of just one will affect your health. Let's take a closer look at the macro- and micronutrients, and water.

Carbohydrates, Fats, and Proteins Provide Energy

Carbohydrates, fats (lipids), and proteins are energy-providing nutrients, because they contain calories. When we talk about energy, we mean that your body breaks down these nutrients and "burns" them to fuel your activities and internal functioning. Carbohydrates and protein provide 4 calories per gram, and fats provide 9 calories per gram. The number of calories in a given food can be determined by measuring the

TF weight, in grams, of each of the three nutrients in one serving of the food.

The amount of calories that you need daily to maintain your weight is estimated based on your age, sex, and activity level. However, you need these nutrients for many

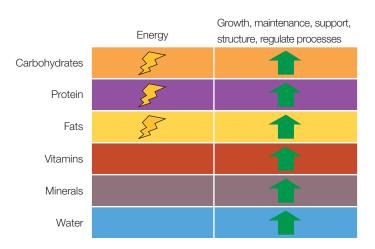
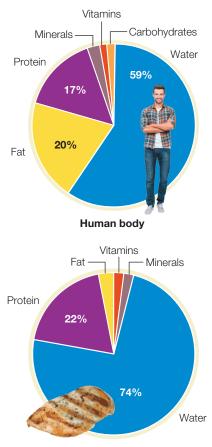
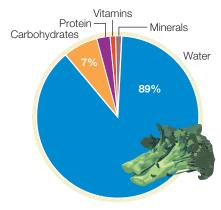


FIGURE 1.3 Nutrients and Their Functions

Nutrients work closely together to provide energy, structure, and support, and to regulate body processes.



Chicken breast



Broccoli (raw)

FIGURE 1.2 Nutrients in Foods and in the Body The nutrients found in the foods that you eat are the same ones that provide structure for your body and allow your normal body processes to occur.

nutrition The science that studies how the nutrients and compounds in foods that you eat nourish and affect your body functions and health.

macronutrients The energy-containing essential nutrients that you need in higher amounts: carbohydrates, lipids (fats), and proteins.

micronutrients Essential nutrients that you need in smaller amounts: vitamins and minerals.